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BR'ER WASHINGTON'S ARRAIGNMENT.

And the Great Speech He Made to the Jury.

"I ain't nurver tole you 'bout de time dey had me up befo' de jedge at Nashvul fur makin', without license, er leetle ob dat lieker dat makes kings ob us all, is I?" asked old Wash the other day. "I don't kno' how in de wurl dey kotch me," continued the old darkey, "fur I'd bin makin' it eber sense de war up in de holler ob de Indian Camp Springs, where de Indians made it long, long, ergo befo' enny ob us was bohn—jes' 'bout five gallons to keep de ole man's cow-ketcher gwine," he continued, "an' I don't see how in de wurl dese heah river-new offercers foun' it out. But dey did, an' fur one time de ole man was sho' in a tight place.

"You see," he continued, "it ain't ebrybody kno' how to make good whisky. I don't mean dis heah stuff dese po' white trash makes up in de mountings, so strong an' vile dat when you oncork a bottle ob it on dis yearth it makes de debbil sneeze in de reguns below. But I'm talkin' 'bout sho' nuff whisky—whisky dat sho' nuff white folks drink—so pwore an' ripe dat all you hafter do is to oncork de stopper on dis yearth an' watch de roses bloom in paradise!

"You must make it in October," he said, knowingly, "erbout de time de fall poet begins to write his poem on de golden rod, when de leafs begin to turn purple an' golden, an' de air am crisp an' sparklin', an' de spring water am full ob fallin' nuts, an' de 'romer ob de sweet night dews. You mus' kotch yore water frum outen er col' spring dat flows frum under sum sweet paw-paw tree, runnin' ober er bed-rock ob blue limestone, in which er few acuns dun drapt to gib it de strenf ob de oak tree. Den, sum night when de moon am full an' de sent ob de wild haws fill all de air jes' go out—but dar now," he said, laughingly, "whut's all dat gotter do wid dis story? Nemmine, jes' you cum roun' to my cabin sum day, chile, an' lemme let you taste it onct. It's den you'll see de gates ob glory open fur er minit or two, an' de ladder of konsolashun run up an' down 'twixt de heaben an' de yearth. O, it's den you'll wish yore neck wus er spiral pipe, runnin' roun' an' roun', so dat one drink would hafter go fifty miles befo' it got outer sight," and the old man laughed heartily.

"But dey cotch me," he continued, "an' dey tuck me to Nashvul, an' when dey put me in de jail my folks all got erroun' me an' cried an' tole me good-bye, an' my wife she tuck it pow'ful hard an' she wanted to go an' git de preacher to cum an' pray fur me. Dat's de way wid sum kristuns," said the old man, with a tinge of sarcasm in his tone, "dey willin' ernuff ter play hide-an'-seek wid de debbil long es dey think dey am safe, but jes' es soon es dey gits cotched up wid den dey wanter go in partnership wid de Lord! Huh! dey didn't skeer me 'tall, an' I jes' say to my wife: 'Look heah, Dinah, you jes' stop yore wailin' an' bellowment an' go home, an' ef I ain't dar by cane-grindin' time, you jes' go on an marry Brer Peter Dawson, de preacher, an' on de night ob yore weddin' supper, you jes' go down to de medder spring, dig fo' foot under it an' feteh out dat blue demmerjohn ob bred-in-the-purple licker I berrid dar fo'teen years ergo, an' yer an' Brer Peter jes' drink it to my remembrance.

"She kno' dat I war gwi' stay heah in earth, chuckled the old man; "I didn't make dat whisky for my wife's secun' husban' to drink. Huh! I had no noshun for stayin' heah in dis jail twell cane-grindin' time. Not for makin' good whisky—now ef I made mean whisky dat ar' bin ernudder thing an' I'd bin willin' to plead gilty an' say far'well," he added.

"Den dey saunt er leetle lawyer to me an' he tuck me off an' say he bin 'ployed to offen' me. An' den he say, he gwi' prove I wuz er yallerby—dough you see yo'self I se jes' es black es er cro'—an' he say he gwi git out er writ of cirum-cumfetchum, an' ignis fat-you-us, an' abe-etment corpus an' all dat. I tole 'im I much erbleeze ter him, but I wus gwi' go dar an' tell de truf an' talk to dat jedge myself, an' I was gwi' file er cross-cut-saw-bill into dat cote, sho'!"

"Jes' fo' de trial cum off, I saunt down to my wife an' tole her to dig up dat gallun I dun berrid down dar in de medder fo'teen years befo' an' to fill up dat decanter my ole marster gib me befo' he die, and to fotch it to me.

"You nurver seed dat decanter, is you, suh? O, I tell you my ole Marster was er high roller an' dat decanter was er picture in er lookin' glass. It was es thick es de roun' pastern ob er race hoss an' made ob one solid piece ob cut glass, an' cyarved in cammeos an' Greek goddermites, an' de stopper itself wus de haid ob de Venus hersef on er bust—leastwise dat whut ole Marster sed—an' he lowed she wus sho' in de proper place to be on a bust! I tell you, suh, when dat whisky got in dat decanter it look lak de grape juice of heaven coteh in er dimon' urn an' framed in all de class glory ob de sinshunt Greeks. When de sunlight fall on it, it look lak er big blazin' ruby sot in de crown ob er cherubin!

"I slip it under my cote an' went in to de cote-room. An' dar dey played er mean trick on me, for dey sot me down in de same pen wid er lot ob po' white trash from de mountings dat had bin cotch in de mean act ob makin' wild-cat whisky! Gord, suh, hit made me mad fur I wan't used to 'soshatin' wid dat kind o' white folks!

"Toreckly de jedge an' de jury sum in an' de jedge sot down an' red out: 'Newnighted States ergin Washington Grundy.'

"'Heah, Marster, sez I, an' Gord bless yore soul, honey, I pranced up befo' dat jedge innerceut lookin' ez de new-born colt when he paced ober de speckled calf layin' in de weeds. Den de jedge look ober his glasses sorter kind lak—Gord bless you', honey, he nows er gennerman when he sees him' an' he red sumpin' ergin me an' den he ax me ef I'm gilty or not gilty.'

"'Yes, Marster, sez I, 'I'm gilty an' not gilty, too, an' I'd lak ter 'splain to dis honorbul cote how it am.'

"De jedge he smile an' de jury laf—Gord bless you, honey, dey knows er gennermen when dey meet 'im in de rode, too—an' de jedge he tells me I has de right to make enny explunashuns I wants—dat dat wus my privulage, an' when he sed dat, I jes' made 'im er low bow, wid my hat under my arm, an' sez I: 'Thank you. Marster, you am er genmen sho', an' er jedge lak de jedges ob de Bible.' An' I laid erside my hat, button up tight my ole dubble-breasted King Alfrud cote, date ole Marster gin me, whut he useter wear when he made big speeches, an' I sez:

"'Marse jedge an' genmen ob de jury, you sees befo' you heah a pore old nigger, cotch in de act uf manufactorin' fur his stummick's sake, a leetle ob dat devine stuff dat makes kings ob us all, an' fur dat reezun, fotch up, in his ole aige, befo' dis honorbul cote fur trangreshuns ob de law. You ax me ef I'm gilty ob makin' whisky—dat wild-cat stuff dat makes de rag-weeds bloom in paradise, an' turn de roses ob hope into de dog-fennel ob dispair, an' I tells you—No! But if you ax me if I gilty ob makin' a leetle ob dat dervine 'lixer, which turns de tuneless hart ob de most wretched an' misserbul ob mankind into a hall wid harps ob er thousau' strings, es I nurver tole er lie in my life, I must tell you—Yas! Not dat vile stuff dat kills our moral s'washun, an' lays us in de gutter wid de dorgs, but dat blessed angul-ile, which, taken in moderashun, es er genmen should, clothes de beggar in silk, makes friends fur de frien'less an' coins gold fur de goldless. Dis am de licker dat turns rags into roses, ole maids into bloomin' gals an' er grabe-yard funiral discorse into er poem on parerdise. Dat puts cheerity into our harts, youth in our veins, an' spreads de warm gumfort ob lub over de feather-bed ob de yunerverse. Dis am de licker dat onlocks de doors ob de 'magerashun an' leads de poet's mind through de streets ob gold, mid crystal pillars, up to de wall of amerthest, up to de battlements ob light, whar he sees de stars ob beautiful thoughts, a millun miles befo' dey gets to him, cummin on angel wings in beams ob sunlight! Dis am de licker dat falls lak a splinter ob starlight to string de dew-draps ob de hart. Dat Solermon drunk, and David sung to; dat Washington praised an' ole Hick'ry swore by. Heah it am, genmen ob de jury'; an' I pulled out dat decanter an' hole it befo' dey eyes, an' it blind 'em, lak de sunshine risin' in de valley—'heah it am, gemmen ob de jury, I sed, 'wid truth in its eyes an' lub in its hart—de embottled poem ob de yunerverse! Taste it, an' ef it am whiskey—dat stuff wid cat-claws an' debbil breath—den sen' me up long wid dis po' white trash fur makin' wild-cat whisky, es er groveller wid swine an' er eater ob husks.

"But ef it smells lak de new-bohn bref ob de infunt anguls, looks into yore eyes lak de lakes ob lub in de depths ob de blue-yed cherubins, an' tastes lak de resurrected dream ob de fus' kiss yore sweet-hart gib you in de days ob long ergo, den sot de ole man free!"

"Wid dat, I oncorks de bottle, an' lo! dat dingy ole cote-room change in er minnit! 'Stid ob de smell ob books, an' sweatin' lawyers, an' ambeer, an' dusty floors, you'd er thort all de skule gals an' nymphs ob de aiges hed cum dar ter bathe, perfumed wid de otter ob de roses ob Eden, an' dey ha'r dat fell ober dey allerbaster sholders, 'nointed wid de oil Eppollo made. You'd er thont de janitor ob heaben hed turned de sprinklin' pot ob glory on de yearth, filled wid de water ob peppermint an' camfire, purfumud wid yi'lets an' tinctur'd wid angul tears!

"De ole figured paper on de walls blossomed into rale flowers; de dingy ole winders blazed lak de winders ob mohnin' when de day-king rize; the ole dusty mattin' on de floor wus er carpet ob blue grass down in de medder, wid daisys an' daffodils all ober it, an' eben de spider-webs on de ceilin' was changed into tapestry of silver, whilst de freskoes hung down in fillergree works ob gold. I looked at de jedge an' de jury an' dar dey sot in stuperment an' 'stonishment wid acquittal writ in de tender depths ob dey meltin' eyes.

"I handed dat decanter to de fus' jury—he jes' smelt it an' fell ober in er dead faint, callin' out, sorter dream lak, 'Not gilty, not gilty." De naixt one taste it, an' I seed de light of genersis break in on 'im. De thud one tuck er big swaller an' dey had to hold 'im to de yearth to keep 'im frum 'vaporatin,' lak Exerdus, to heaben. An' all de yudders es fast es dey taste it was added to de numbers ob dem dat was fur me! But when it got to de jedge, suh, he tuck er grate big swaller to see if I wus lyin' or not, an' Gord bless yore soul, honey, he hadn't morn taste it befo' he riz from dat bench, shouted 'Glory hallylujah!" an fell on my neck an' wept. I look 'round at de lawyurs what hedn't tasted it, suh an dar dey sot froze to dey chairs, wid de 'sliver runnin' outen de corners ob dey mouths lak po' houns 'roun er sawsage mill. An' befo' I knowed whut it all mean dey all broke out singin' dat good ole him:

"Dis am de stuff we long hab sought
An' mourned bekase we foun' it not."

LOOK AT THE TIMES.

The Contrast of The Past and Present—Women in Competition With Men—What Effect Will it Have on Marriage—Can Our Legislators Solve The Problem?

The Chautauquan.]

It was the fashion forty years ago for a boy to be engaged as an apprentice to learn a trade as a wheelwright, a shoemaker, a blacksmith, or a chairmaker. The term of service was from three to four years. He would receive three dollars per month and board. He would work ten hours every day and from the first of December till St. Patrick's Day he would work from seven to nine o'clock every week evening except Saturday. He would perform various duties such as sweeping out the shop, making fire in the morning in cold weather, doing chores of the establishment, and sometimes the chores for his employer's family. From year to year as he increased in knowledge, his services grew more valuable and very often an apprentice would finish his trade with a better knowledge of the business and be more proficient in the trade than the proprietor himself.

The advantage gained by the apprentice was that he acquired an industrious habit of life by continuous service. By working each day for a series of years industry was ground into him. This habit became his chief stock in trade. It has made the foundation of many a man's character in the business and professional world, for it was held in the early times that if a boy learned a trade he could in the future fellow it or not as opportunity and inclination would suggest. But the knowledge of a trade was considered so valuable that it was held by parents, guardians, and business men as a fundamental principle of life that a trade was a fortune.

In these days the trades have been broken up by large manufacturing establishments where ten men make a shoe, and the old idea of learning a trade is exploded. Trades unions have come in and advocated a rule that only one boy can serve as an apprentice for every ten journeymen. New employments have taken the place of the old trades. On railroads an army of men is employed in this country now where none were employed in former times. Machinery introduced into manufacturing establishments has taken the place of mechanics. A revolution has been worked in the industries of the country, quietly but steadily, until labor organizations say how many shall learn trades, and machinery says that we do not need as many tradesmen as we used to have in proportion to our population, and thus the question is lifted into legislation and becomes a political problem for statesmen to solve.

Women have entered manufacturing establishments in large numbers; they are found in all kinds of business houses; they are entering professions, and this complicates the question still more. It is feared by some the conflict of sexes is to be one of our dangers in the civilization of the future. A man has filled a position as bookkeeper at twenty five dollars per week. He has a wife and three children. He worked up to his position from being office boy during twelve years of service He was unable to save anything from his salary, but to his surprise one day he was informed that the firm had employed a lady as bookkeeper at ten dollars a week. He lost his place. He looked about in his community for another situation as bookkeeper. The best offer he could get was ten dollars a week. Disheartened he complains that women have come into competition with men and are driving them to the wall. They are doing this as agents, waiters, bookkeepers, stenographers, cashiers, editors, and in great many other positions.

The army of unemployed women will no doubt ask for places in the business world, they will get them and force an army of men out of these places. We do not share in the apprehension that there will be any "conflict" between the sexes over this industrial problem, but we may inquire, Will it not work hardship to many a man and result in the distress of many a family? Will this condition in the business world deter young men from getting married? Is it one of the signs of the times that points to a reduction in the cost of living? Shall we not find the standard of living in America brought down to a lower figure as a result of having more people who want work than can find work?

It is a great industrial problem when we find machinery taking the place that workmen formerly occupied, women coming in to do the work that men used to do, the native population constantly on the increase, and emigration from foreign countries to our shores reaching high tide. These questions affect the life of the average citizen, and they appear in the political condition of the country in large form where the political questions of free trade or protection will help or hinder in the improvement of the rate of wages among the masses.

The rule that the world is run by the law of "action and reaction" may be applied to this condition by a philosoper, on the principle that things regulate themselves, and that out of this social chaos is to come order and harmony and the highest good of the average man. Yet it remains true that thousands of men will suffer while leaders in social work and social problems are getting their bearings, and a multitude of industrious and useful men will be disabled in the battle of life; but history of every civilization teaches that there is no royal road for the poor man or the rich man. In our present state the poor man is in danger of losing his trade, the rich man is in danger of losing his money, and neither man is safe without the other, and what is also true neither man is wise enough without the other, or efficient enough without the other, to reach the goal of a settled condition where unity and contentment make the joy of life. Capital must wait on labor, labor must wait on capital; they must both wait on the market which is made by the people, and they must all wait a time with patience for legislators to give both labor and capital the legal protection they seek. In the meantime it is well to believe that "life is worth living," and that we shall all presently have enough of work to do, and to trust the government under which we live for wholesome laws, because it is the best government on the earth, and above all believe that God rules.

Miniatures From Balzac's Masterpieces.

"Legally" is a robust adverb that props up many a fortune.

We can cauterize a wound, but we know no remedy for the hurt produced by words.

Newspapers are no longer made to enlighten, but to flatter opinions.

In society we know how to put overcoats on all truths, even the prettiest.

Do not be afraid of making enemies. Woe to him who has none!

We never lack money for our whims, but we dispute the prices of necessities.

Conscience is one of those sticks which every one takes up to beat his neighbor with, but which he never uses upon himself.

Not to listen is not merely a lack of politeness, it is a mark of contempt. Though such impertinence is accepted without protest from a noted man, it produces a leaven of hatred and malice deep down in the heart; among equals it often goes so far as to desolve friendship.

To do good in obscurity offers no temptation to any one.

Use your wit, but never parade it for the amusement of others; for know, that if your superiority wounds a mediocre man, he will withdraw and say of you in a tone of contempt, "He is very amusing."

Politeness consists in appearing to forget ourselves for others. With many it is a social grimace which relaxes when self-interest shows itself; a noble then becomes ignoble.

You will never have more than three or four friends in the course of your life; entire confidence is their right. But to give it to many—is not that to betray your real friends?

What physiognomist is so prompt to divine character as a dog is to know whether a stranger likes or dislikes him?

As soon as trouble comes to us there is always a friend ready to tell us about it—to probe our heart with a dagger and ask us to admire the hilt.

Friendship knows nothing of bankrupt sentiments.

The habits of the mind form the soul, and the soul gives expression to the face.

In great crisis the heart either breaks or hardens.

Debts are the silent partners of experience.

We live in an epoch where the defect of governments is to make man for society rather than society for man.

In society we like those who listen to us.

We are ticketed not according to what we are but according to what we have.

The world is full of respect for ability under whatever form it shows itself; results make laws.

Love and hate are passions that feed upon themselves, and, of the two, hatred has the longer life.

There are two kinds of silliness, the silent and the talkative. Silent silliness is supportable.

Do you want to know how to make your way in the world? You must plow through humanity like a cannon ball, or you must glide through it like a pestilence.

Flattery never emanates from great souls. It is an attribute of small minds, who thus still further belittle themselves to enter into the vital being of the persons about whom they crawl.

A single lie destroys that absolute confidence which for certain souls is the foundation of love.

Never allow yourself to act either against your own conscience or the public conscience.

One of the most important rules in the science of manners is that of almost absolute silence about ourselves. Play a little comedy for your own edification, speak of yourself, and you will see indifference succeed to a feigned interest; then *ennui* follows, and if the mistress of the house does not politely interrupt, the company will disappear under various pretexts adroitly seized.

A hobby is the medium between a passion and a monomania.

Talent, like gout, sometimes skips two generations.

Beauty without expression is a monstrosity.

If the human heart pauses to rest as it scales the heights of affection, it rarely stops when it starts on the rapid slope of hate.

There is nothing less known than that which everybody is obliged to know—namely, the law.

Money matters can always be settled, but feelings are pitiless.

We spend the greater part of our lives in weeding from our hearts what has been allowed to grow in their youth. This operation is called "acquiring experience."

Intellect is the lever which moves the world; but the fulcrum of intellect is money.

How a Soldier Cooked.

"I had no cooking utensils, and yet last night I had a good supper of bread, liver and spare-ribs. I will tell you how I did it: I fried out some grease on a "spade" to put it in my bread, made up the dough in a "bag" and cooked it in the spade and then fried my liver and ribs on the spade, and truth to tell, they were just as good as if cooked in an oven. Give me anything to eat and I will find a way to cook it, sure. Some times I have wrapped my dough on my ramrod, holding it to the fire, and it cooks splendidly."

SCRAP-BOOK.

Byron used a great deal of hairdressing, but was very particular to have only the best to be found in the market. If Ayer's Hair Vigor had been obtainable then, doubtless he would have tested its merits, as so many distinguished and fashionable people are doing now-a-days.

The cruiser New York sailed from Boston last Thursday under sealed orders, relating it is thought, to a filibustering expedition to Cuba.

MOBBED AND LYNCHED.

An Infuriated Mob Take a Negro Rapist From The Sheriff and Hang Him.

PRINCES ANNE, Md., June 9.—William Andrews, the young negro, accused of felonious assault upon Mrs. Benjamin T. Kelly, was taken from the Sheriff here to-day and beaten into insensibility, then hanged to a tree by an infuriated mob, immediately after having been arraigned in court and sentenced to death for his crime. Andrews, who was but twenty years old, came here from North Carolina, and on May 5, of this year, was arrested for assault upon Mrs. Kelley. At that time a mob endeavored to lynch him, but he was hurriedly taken to Baltimore and confined in the jail in that city until last night, when he was brought here for trial. During the night a number of men assembled and carefully planned to day's programme.

THE DOLLAR.

[B. F. Cochran, Omaha World-Herald.

A bright, round dollar rolled on its way,
And I said, "Hello, my friend, please stay
Your onward course. Why not stop here?"
It checked its speed, and then for fear
Of falling flat upon the ground,
It turned and circled round and round,
And flashed its charms upon my sight,
As with a true coquette's delight.

"Establish your claim, if any you have,
I'm nobody's fool, and nobody's slave,"
Said the coin, while keeping just out of my reach.
"Although I serve, I command and I teach.
I am worshipped by beggar and lord and king;
I measure the value of everything;
I prompt men's efforts and lead their desires;
I bring them their food and feed their fires.

"The highest power in all the land
Is mine for protection and mine to command.
I roll through the winding channels of trade,
My imprint avails, I pass unweighed.
I dazzle the eyes of proud millionaires,
And see common rivals racing like bares
To win me and catch my coveted smiles,
And trying all sorts of witless wiles."

"Miss Dollar, said I, "you're a mystery;
You're a wonder, indeed, to a stranger like me;
Jump into my pocket and rest awhile;
I suppose you have traveled many a mile."

"Oh!" said the dollar, "I never get tired;
To be 'on the go' is what's desired;
My mission allows no time for rest,
When I am hidden I lie unblest."

Perplexed at this, I prompt replied,
"How, then, may one in you confide,
And how in the world can wealth increase,
If as soon as you're caught you can force a release?
What is your mission of which you speak,
And what is in it that men should seek?
Is it enough for such as I,
To 'sit on the fence and see you go by'?"

"Again," said the Dollar, "I'm called upon
To teach, as I so often have done,
What even a child should be able to see—
I do not bring wealth, but wealth brings me.
Wherever there's wealth to be exchanged,
And mutual faith is not deranged,
I serve as the medium willingly;
Elsewhere I find no need of me."

"And don't I, then, know what wealth is?"
Said I, "is it not simply this,
Command of dollars and nothing more?
Who's heard of wealth without money before?
"Ah," said the coin, "there's wealth in brain,
Wealth in land and in fields of grain;
In muscle and nerve there's countless wealth;
And the richest of mines is the mine of health.
"In good reputation are richest untold;
In honor is something better than gold;
And knowledge is wealth, and so is skill;
And money can't measure the wealth of good will.
Where all these abound I'm nimble and gay,
And where all these are scarce I have no way
To increase them, or find much use for myself;
There I'm sunk to the leval of pelf."

The dollar passed on and out of my sight.
I longed for that dollar so round and bright.
Perhaps I worshipped its magical power,
But I've thought of its words for many an hour,
The sources of wealth it pointed out,
The wonderful things it talked about;
And yet this puzzles me, I confess,
The relation of money to true success.

Reorganization.

Artemus Ward once said: "I never attempted to reorganize my wife but once. I shall never attempt it again. I'd bin to a public dinner, and had allowed to be betrayed into drinking several people's healths; and wishing to make them as robust as possible, I continued drinking their healths until my own became affected. Consekens was, I presented myself at Betsy's bedside late at nite with considerable licker concealed about my person. I had somehow got possession of a horsewhip on my way home, and remembering some cranky observation of Mrs. Ward's in the morning, I snapt the whip purty lively, and in a very loud voice I said, 'Betsy, you need reorganizing! I have come, Betsy.' I continued cracking the whip over the bed. 'I have come, Betsy, to reorganize you!' I dreamed that night that somebody had laid a horsewhip over me several conseketive times, and when I woke up I found she had. I hain't drunk much of anything since, and if I ever have another reorganization job on hand, I shall let it out."

Famine and plague are reported to be causing many deaths in China, north and east of Szechauan.

Whiskers that are prematurely gray or faded should be colored to prevent the look of age, and Buckingham's Dye excels all others in coloring brown or black.

AN ORIGINAL PACKAGE STORE.

It is Selling Liquor in South Carolina Under the Decision of Judge Simonton.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 10.—The first "original package store" for selling liquor in this State under the provisions of the recent decision of Judge Simonton, of the United States Court, was opened here to-day.

An agent of a New York firm imported a thousand cases of liquor. The goods were hauled through the streets, and, without being molested by the State constables, were lodged in a storeroom.

The establishment was opened at once and began selling liquor in original packages. It continued business throughout the day without trouble. Within the next few days other similar establishments will be opened here.

All the liquor sold today was in gallon packages, but in a short time packages containing pints and half pints will be put on sale. Exactly what action in the case is to be taken by the dispensary authorities is not yet known.

RIOTERS PAY THE MILITIA.

They Also Sign a Promise to Recognize Town Authorities.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 9.—A curious compromise of the riot in Lucknow on Sunday has been effected. Two whites and seven negroes, sawmill employees, questioning the constitutionality of the town's incorporation, it having but 150 inhabitants, proceeded to defy authority by practicing rifle shooting at targets down the main street and threatening to shoot the marshal.

A military company from an adjoining county was ordered by the Governor to subdue the riot. It did so, arresting there men, and escorting them to jail at Camden. The rioters have been released on paying the militia and all other expenses, and signing a promise to recognize the authorities of Lucknow and abide by the town ordinances.

WENT TO THE WHITE HOUSE TO PRAY.

A Virginia Negro Kneels Down in the East Room and Prays for the Return of Prosperity.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—John W. Seldon, from Orange county, Va., the little negro who walked all the way from his Virginia village last week to see President McKinley and failed, was at the White House again today. This time he came to pray, and not to see the President. He entered the mansion shortly after 1 o'clock, and learned of the President's absence, but when informed that he would be in after 2 o'clock, the little man walked slowly out and bided his time until the President arrived. Then, with a cautious tread, he tiptoed into the big East Room, walked to the extreme southern end, and knelt down in prayer. He removed his hat and old army coat, laid them carefully on the floor, clasped his hands, and, looking up to the ceiling, prayed fervently for several minutes. The room was well-filled with sight-seers, who were much amused at the old darkey.

"What are you praying for?" asked a reporter.

"I'se praying for the return of dis here prosperity what I hears so much 'bout," replied the old man in much earnestness.

One of the White House ushers was about to remove him from the room, but on second thought concluded to let the old man bring prosperity, if he could, by praying.

[If all those who are now praying in vain for a return of prosperity will vote right next time, then their prayers will be answered. The Lord helps those who help themselves.—ED. CAUCASIAN.]

The Country Full of "such Fools."

Washington Post.]

There is no news in the statement that Senator Hanna is opposed to what he calls this agitation about Cuba, for his efforts to prevent a vote in the Senate on the belligerency resolution are still remembered. The other day, however, he was expressing his opinion in very emphatic terms to a fellow Senator. "There isn't the least bit of interest in the question in Ohio," asserted Mr. Hanna, "and I do not think the country is half as much concerned as some of the agitators here would have us believe."

"Well, Hanna," said his colleague, "I will bet you $500 that your State convention declares for Cuba."

"Very likely," slowly assented Mr. Hanna, "because some fool will get up with a resolution which nobody will care to oppose."

"And the country is full of just such fools" was the other Senator's parting shot.

To Make a Good Whitewash.

June Ladies' Home Journal.]

For a good whitewash for your bedroom ceiling put a piece of lime weighing about five pounds in a granite pan or bucket; pour on it a gallon of water, allow it to boil and slack until the steaming is over; take from this two quarts of the liquid lime, put it in a wooden or granite bucket, and add sufficient water to make it rather thin. Add a small amount of pure indigo, sufficient to give it the proper color; add a teaspoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of lampblack, stir well. This will give you a perfectly white ceiling; if you wish it colored add one of the colorings which you may purchase at any druggists, stating that it is to be used with lime.

Of Interest to B. Y. P. U. Delegates. En Route to Chattanooga.

The idea now is, and arrangements are being made to that effect, to have a "sunrise-prayer-meeting" at Norfolk, and a "fish breakfast" at the same point; a banquet will be tendered them at Wake Forest, by President Taylor, of the Wake Forest College; fruit dinner will be given at Southern Pines, and at Atlanta the delegates will be entertained at the Spellman University; they will then proceed to Chattanooga, via the "Kennesaw Route."

Full particulars will be given later by the Passenger Department of the Seaboard Air Line, at Portsmouth, Va.

TREPHINED A FORGER'S SKULL.

Lawyers Summon Witnesses to Prove Charles N. Cunningham Insane.

CLEVELAND, June 10.—Charles N. Cunningham, the man who was arrested several months ago for trying to pass a forged check for $75 000, bearing the signature of Judge E. T. Hamilton, is now on trial in the Common Pleas Court. Cunningham's attorneys set up the plea that he was insane, his condition being due to an injury received by being thrown from a horse in Colorado. To prove their theory they had the man sent to a hospital, where his skull was trephined and the brain examined. The surgeon who performed the operation has testified that he believed Cunningham insane, and persons with whom the prisoner had dealings corroborated that testimony.

Witnesses will be produced by the prosecution to prove that Cunningham was sentenced to State prison in New York for a similar crime before he went to Colorado. The trial promises to be very interesting.

PREPARING AND COOKING VEGETABLES.

Mrs. Rorer Points Out the Superior Food Value of Garden Products.

"Although it is well known that the American markets give an abundance of vegetables, it is regretted that there is no country where they are so little appreciated," writes Mrs. S. T. Rorer in the June Ladies Home Journal. "To this omission may be traced much discomfort among the poorer classes. The leguminous seed, peas, beans, and lentils, yield almost double the amount of muscle-making food to be found in beef. One pound of beans costing five cents will give a food value equal to two pounds of beef at fifty cents, an item of economy worthy of thought. I am in this considering old peas and beans; those green or unripe contain a larger amount of water and more sugar, and less albuminous matter, but on the other hand they are more easily digested.

"All concentrated vegetable foods require long, slow cooking to render them suitable for use. A little baking soda added to the water in which old peas are cooked removes the strong flavor making them more delicate. All vegetables should be washed well in cold water. Green vegetables, such as spinach, cauliflower, cabbage, Brussels sprouts, cucumbers, kale, onions, leeks, asparagus, turnip tops, peas and string beans, should be cooked in boiling salted water, and boiled slowly until tender, not a moment longer or the flavor will be lost."

The Summer School.

Holders of Teachers Assembly tickets, desiring to attend the Summer School at the University or Wake Forest, can stop at these stations or at Raleigh and have the limit of their ticket extent to July 25th.

The opening date of Wake Forest Summer School has been changed from June 23d to June 28th. This action was taken by the faculty after their announcements had been printed and partially distributed. The change was made to avoid any conflict with the Teachers Assembly program, and in order that those who wish to do so could get the benefit of both occasions.

CHARLES J. PARKER,
Secretary.

Intends to Preach Like Paul.

RICHMOND, Va., June 9.—Rev. Charles M. Bower, an evangelist of the Apostolic Church founded by Rev. J. W. Daugherty, has built him a unique boat with which he proposes to soon start out, after the fashion of the Apostle Paul, to preach the Gospel on the water. The mission-boat, which will herald the doctrine of sanctification as taught by Rev. Mr. Daugherty, though not on quite as advanced lines as it was practiced on Chingot Logue Island a year or two ago, has been rigged out and will start down the James river in a few days.

A Shooting Scrap.

JONESTOWN, Miss., June 8.—Ex-Mayor G. B. Mosley, a banker of this town, was shot and killed today by Mayor G. W. Wise in the streets in front of the latter's office. Wise is in custody. A small lawsuit in which Mosley was interested was tried before the mayor last week, and the decision of the latter displeased Mosley. The ill-feeling has been growing since, culminating in today's shooting. Both men had firearms, and opinions differ as to which made a threatening movement.

NEWS BREVITIES.

Miss Isabelle Perkins, heiress to $17,000,000, was married in Boston to Mr. Larz Anderson, who was until recently first secretary of the United States at Rome.

Governor Johnston, of Alabama, ordered out troops to protect Lewis Moore and Claude Neville, colored, who are accused of felonious assault on Nellie Lawton, white, aged thirteen years.

Mr. John W. Foster's mission to Russia to arrange for the protection of seals in Bering sea is said to be meeting with sympathy and support in official circles in St. Petersburg.

Torrential rains in the province of Taurida, Russia, have caused loss of life and great damage to crops.

Senators Cannon, Pettigrew, Mantle and ex Senator Dubois will leave next month or in August for a tour of China, India and Japan in the interest of free silver coinage.

Some people are constantly troubled with pimples and boils, especially about the face and neck. The best remedy is a thorough course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which expels all humors through the proper channels, and so makes the skin become soft, healthy, and fair.

If You Are Wise You Will Advertise Without Persuasion In THE CAUCASIAN.

THE CAUCASIAN

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NOTE.

On more than one occasion extracts have been made from editorials in THE CAUCASIAN and sent over the country by the Associated Press as coming from Senator Butler, when the editorials were written by the managing editor from a local standpoint. To prevent a recurrence of impressions thus conveyed, the editorials written hereafter by Senator Butler will be signed "M. B."

A SCURRILOUS NEWSPAPER.

A little over two years ago the people of the State demanded and secured a change of political administration of its affairs. The editor of the News and Observer was then in Washington eating a piece of goldbug pie—yes, pie!—a thing at which he screeches now as though it were a combination of cholera-morbus and delirium tremens because there is none in sight for him. He announced that he left that pie to come back here and "save the State" for his people. It looks, however, as though he was not wanted, for his plan of salvation was most disastrously rejected. According to his idea the State was "unsaved" two years ago by a majority of twenty thousand; and when he came down to *save* it the State took a notion to *remain* "unsaved" by about forty thousand majority. If he will continue to press his plan of salvation, and the members of that political party with which he professes to affiliate do not take some step to show that he is in nowise a representative of that party, THE CAUCASIAN can promise the people that the State will be "unsaved" next time almost unanimously.

* * *

Failing to perform the salvation act, the editor of the News and Observer apparently turned his attention to an effort to damn the State and its people. He and his paper have been guilty of more attempted slander and vilification of North Carolina and its people during the past few months than any person or journal that was ever permitted to stay in it. It just so happens, however, that neither a plan of salvation nor an effort at damnation from that source amounts to the slightest degree of efficiency.

* * *

It is unnecessary here to bring into evidence any of its low, disgusting drivel. It is sufficiently well known to permit the statement that it is intensely partisan to the extent of its capacity, and that it exerts every effort of which it is capable to make anything it may choose to call partisan on the part of any one else appear to be a movement to send the State to perdition. In these efforts it has made the grossest misrepresentations and been as vile and scurrile as it knew how to be. We are mentioning these matters, not because anybody that we know now cares individually about what the News and Observer ever has said or ever can say, under its present management, about them, but because we have always resented and condemned any lie that may have been uttered about the State and the people of the State. In this respect the News and Observer can be annoying in the same sense that an insignificant and contemptible gnat can annoy a lordly lion.

* * *

We do not hope to be able to say or do anything that will stop the despicableness of the News and Observer in this particular. If it were capable of comprehending anything, it would understand something of the contempt it is held in by all sorts of people of all parties, and might make an attempt to improve; but it is a very well settled fact that the Ethiopian cannot change his skin nor the leopard his spots

* * *

The latest "explosion" of the News and Observer was concerning the action of the Board of Trustees of the College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts. We give some samples of this explosion elsewhere in this issue. In its frothings it sought to make generous conservatism look like rampant destruction, and handled the names of some men in such a way as would have inspired them to do some thrashing if the editor of the News and Observer had been thought worth that much attention. But what would have been the use? He has already been cowhided by Capt. S. A. Ashe; he has been slapped or punched in the face by Capt. W. H. Day; he has been rolled in the dirt and sat upon by Marshal O. J. Carroll; Walter Henry wrote him a letter telling him he was a liar and then published the letter, and it has come to that point when a gentleman cannot walk up to him and slap him over without disgracing himself. What is there that can be done? "Though thou shouldst bray a fool in a mortar among wheat with a pestle, yet will not his foolishness depart from him."

The author of this scriptural proverb could not have had a clearer illustration of its truth than is afforded to the people of this State by the editor of the News and Observer to-day. This thrashing cannot be always continued. It is very like the continual whacking of a stupid jackass, and is too much like cruelty to animals.

* * *

Now, it so happens that in every case above mentioned in which the editor of the News and Observer has been whipped for his scurrility, it was a Democrat who did the "grand act" done so publicly. They were and all the while the editor of the News and Observer said he was a Democrat. We presume these Democrats were trying to yank their political associate into something like decency for the sake of their party. No member of any other party has ever thought it worth while to fool with him. So far as they are concerned it may be well said that if, by chance, that old maxim, as applied to some disgusting character, "not worth the powder and shot it would take to kill him", had not been originated sometime ago, the matter we have under consideration would have been amply sufficient to have inspired its origin now.

* * *

Again, when the News and Observer indulges its absurd and ridiculous tendency to make cur-like snarls at people, it turns tail and abjectly takes it all back if ordered to do so. For example, during the last city election it foolishly made some animadversions on certain citizens of the town. They simply called at the office and went no further than to demand a retraction, which retraction was made on the next morning. During the past week it sought to leave the impression that there was a hot row on between Gov. Russell and J. C. L. Harris, chairman of the A. M. College board, and stated that the Governor had pacified Harris by arranging that he (Harris) was to have two hundred and fifty dollars per year as chairman of the board, and that Mr. Harris' son was to have a position of $750.00 per year. This was slanderous and villainous in the extreme, and in the next issue it had to abjectly "eat crow" and state that the chairman of the board had always drawn a salary—sometimes as much as $500, and that Mr. Harris Jr. was elected to a position on the merit of the record he had made as a student at the college; and it didn't fail to go as low as it could get in making a humiliating apology for its scandalous misrepresentation.

* * *

These are illustrations to show that the editor of the News and Observer is extremely reckless in some things, and it is quite probable that the most vicious and reckless statements it can make would be allowed to stand as facts unless he were called on to straighten them out.

* * *

The Caucasian wishes to state, as a fact it has ascertained, that those who are in charge of state affairs by a vote of the people do not regard the News and Observer as a representative of the Democrats of the State. There is no belief among them that Democrats are altogether either fools or scoundrels, but they do think that any man who agrees with the course of the News and Observer or takes pleasure in its attempted slander and villification of the State and people is either one or the other. Moreover they believe that neither a fool nor a scoundrel should have any connection whatever with any public institution; and so if it were thought that the prominent men and the good men who are Democrats, and who are now occupying so many high official positions in the State endorsed the knavish, villifying course of the News and Observer, they would be swept into oblivion within the next ninety days. We believe this would be done if it required a special session of the Legislature to accomplish it.

* * *

Finally, we have ventured to remark that whenever the people, generally speaking, commented on the News and Observer, it was with contempt and disgust. If there should be anybody in any out of the way place who would like to know the extent of the truth of this statement, and is sufficiently interested to try to find out the extent of it, let him come here to Raleigh—the home town of the paper and talk with the people about it. Let him ask people he may meet on the train, or people anywhere where the paper happens to circulate, and he will find as much as he wants to know.

The Governor has been requested by the Farmers' National Congress, through its Secretary, Hon. John M. Stohl of Chicago and its Vice-President, Hon. J. S. Cunningham of North Carolina, to appoint two delegates from the State-at-large and one from each Congressional District to represent this State for the next two years at the annual meetings. The next Convention will be held in St. Paul, Minn., August 31st to September 6th inclusive. Each delegate will be expected to pay his own expenses, as there is no State fund available for such purposes.

THE FIRST TO OPENLY SAY SO.

THE CAUCASIAN is gratified to say say that the faculty of the A. & M. College are the first officers of a State institution to openly condemn and denounce the attempted slanders of certain so-called Democrats against the State and people as false. And in this connection we desire to repeat some remarks heretofore made.

* * *

The election of 1894 put the control of the State and its public institutions out of the hands of the Democratic party. While the Populists and Republicans combined had the power to revolutionize everything, they hardly touched anything so far as making changes in management were concerned. Democrats were found in charge of all institutions. Democrats who were thus found in charge made recommendations for appropriations for all of these institutions, and so far as was practicable the anti-Democratic legislature made the appropriations recommended. Then the Democrats were left to expend these appropriations. In the meantime a number of so-called Democratic papers were doing everything they could to make the public believe that the wildest extravagance had prevailed, and were otherwise putting out as vicious lies as they could concoct about the men who were elected to represent the people and who made these appropriations for the general good of the State.

* * *

As a matter of pure justice those Democrats who were left in charge of the public institutions, and who asked for the appropriations made, ought to have joined in the row made by their party papers or ought to have condemned those papers as arrant liars. We mean by this that they ought to have done so publicly. They were severe enough and appeared to be disgusted enough in their conversational comments on these sheets, but that did not amount to as much as manly, open denunciation would have amounted to.

* * *

The action of the A. & M. College has broken the ice, however, and we have occasion to know that what it has done is an expression of the sentiment of those who are in charge of and connected with other public institutions. Affairs are becoming open, and one of the first things that some of these dunder-headed little Democratic scurrility scribblers will find out is that of all things that are held in contempt by the people of all parties in this State, they are regarded as the most contemptible. This is a living fact now, but it takes a blame fool a long time to find out anything.

If the reports be true some of the Illinois Solons can now pay off their mortgages. It cost the gas companies $750,000 to secure legislation that they wanted.—Wilmington Star.

THE WISE COURSE.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly publishes in his paper, The Representative, an editorial addressed to the Populists of his State. We take pleasure in making the following extracts:

"You formed the Peoples Party in 1892. Is there not as much necessity for it now as there was then? If you have converted the Democracy how long will they stay converted if YOU give up the ghost? Your very death will be a confession of error, and the forward movement of the world will be arrested for many years to come.

Remember that the advocates of the perpetuity of the Peoples Party do not declare that it shall or shall not cooperate with those who fully or partially agree with it, in 1900, for the overthrow of the money-power. It leaves all that to the membership in State and National conventions assembled, with all the enlightenment which time and events can give.

It would be an excess of folly to declare now what we will do, or not do, three years from now. But if we are to have co-operation, (not fusion), in 1900, it will be a thousand times more effective if our side is represented by a powerful, active, thoroughly organized, widely disseminated political party, armed cap-a-pie, rather than by a disheartened, scattered fragments of a slaughtered organization.

In 1900 Mr. Bryan may be dead or proscribed by the Democracy itself. Don't rest the sacred rights of man on any one life. Stand firm by principle, for principle is immortal. It may be we will all be ready to sustain Mr. Bryan in 1900. It may be that not one of us would then touch him with a forty-foot pole. We must keep our own deck under our feet; and then let the devils, which hate mankind, howl until the heavens are black.

Stand fast, friends, by the Peoples Party. You may have half the Democracy flocking to your standard before 1900."

This is exactly the position that we have taken. We do not recognize any one as a Populist who would think of having the Peoples Party give up the great fight for human rights. The Peoples Party has pushed the fight to the front and no other party should be trusted to lead it. If the party will stand solidly for the above position we will gain large recruits from the free silver Republicans before 1900. The proud record of the Peoples Party is the strongest possible inducement to the best elements of both the old parties to enlist under our banner. It is the strongest possible guarantee that the organization will always lead and throw its whole weight in the front ranks in the struggle for good government that when the time comes for action that we will do what is wisest and best. We trust that nothing will be done at the proposed conference to break this assurance—nothing that will cause the patriotic masses to lose confidence in our wisdom or patriotism.

M. B.

ITS FOOLISHNESS FROM A BUSINESS STANDPOINT.

Aside from the low and inexpressibly contemptible purpose of the News and Observer to misrepresent the work of the Board of Trustees of the A. & M. College, the News and Observer acted the fool from a purely business standpoint. That journal gets much of its support from the city of Raleigh—why, God only knows—and the commonest sort of decency ought to prevent it from attempting to injure anything or any institution that inures to the benefit of the town. No respectable journal published anywhere can find any pleasure in seeking to send out such reports as would, if believed, prejudice the public against the town in which it is published. It would, in case of necessity, regret to publish any actual misfortune and would make a royal fight on any journal that would cast slurs upon it.

* * *

If we have the figures right, and we think we have, the amount of money received by the Agricultural College and the Experiment Station from the State and National governments is about $55,000. Most, if not all of this money is paid out right here in our midst for the conduct of the college and station, and those who receive it naturally spend it in the channels of trade. There were two hundred and forty-seven students enrolled during the past year and more than two hundred in constant attendance. Now let us suppose that each of these students spent an average of five dollars per month each—a very low estimate. This would make $1,000 per month and for the nine months of the school year would make $9,000; a total expenditure and circulation of at least $61,000 per year from this institution alone.

* * *

This is worth something in the way of business, to say nothing of other things. And yet, if the scurrile News and Observer can have its statements accepted, the college has been "wrecked," "looted," "parceled out" as spoils and made unfit for anybody to come to. It is a thing to be shunned and anybody would simply be disgraced by attending it. Gadzooks! what patience the business men of the town must have to endure such vicious and would-be obstructive business policy as this!!—not that it is going to be the least effective, for not a man in the State will believe what the News and Observer has said about it—but just think of the unutterable foolishness and meanness of even saying such things. Great Scott! No wonder the people are disgusted beyond expression.

Nashville Cure

"About three years ago I was troubled with eruptions on my face, which appeared like scrofula. I thought at first they came from diseased teeth and I had five of my teeth extracted. My health was so much impaired that I was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla to build me up, and I bought six bottles. Before I had taken half of this amount I found that I was improving. I could rest better at night and felt refreshed in the morning. I gained in flesh, and when I had finished the six bottles the sores on my face had all disappeared. My wife has taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for nervousness with great benefit." J. B. BODDIE, Nashville, N. C.

Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

LET US KEEP HISTORY STRAIGHT.

The following is a recent editorial in the News and Observer:

"Bailey, of Texas, is coming round all right, after his great blunder. He recently told a reporter for a St. Louis paper that Reed's parliamentary system was leading to the extermination of the House of Representatives as a deliberative body and that in this tendency to make the House subservient to one man the Republican party was as much to blame as Mr. Reed. Any Democrat, he said, would be glad to rescue our institutions from the Reed influence, and as for himself he would ask no greater honor. He will probably not have the honor because it took him two months to learn what McMillan and Maguire and other able Democrats knew from the beginning."

It was Jerry Simpson and the Peoples Party Congressmen who first exposed and ventilated Bailey's "great blunder" in approving Reed's do-nothing policy. It was then that McMillan and other Democrats rebelled against Bailey's great blunder and backed up the position taken by the Peoples Party. Such papers as the N Y. Journal endorsed the position taken by the Populists and gave them full credit for taking the lead. At first the News and Observer attempted to defend Bailey's position of meek submission. We congratulate both the News and Observer and Mr. Bailey on "coming round all right."

We would not now refer to the past except to keep history straight.

The President seems to be a greater success in opening museums than he is in opening mills.

YARN OUTPUT TO BE CURTAILED.

Southern Cotton Spinners' Association Reach an Agreement.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 10.—The Southern Cotton Spinners' Association, in session here this afternoon, entered into a binding agreement to curtail the output of cotton yarns in the South by reducing the time of running to ten hours, beginning June 15

Prominent railroad officials were here and have given the mill men a concession in freight rates on raw cotton and yarns, and the association is endeavoring to reduce commissions charged for the sale of yarns. Manufacturers present today represented 250,000 spindles. The association controls 400,000 spindles.

THE DISPENSARY FALLS SHORT.

South Carolina Will Have to Ask For a Loan of at Least $100,000.

"The failure of the dispensary," says a dispatch from Columbia, S C., "to pay into the State treasury the $92,000 for current expenses promised at the last session of the legislature will necessitate very soon the borrowing of at least $100,000 by State Treasurer Timmerman. Relying upon the assurances of the dispenary board of control, the General Assembly passed the supply bill on the basis of $92 000 of dispensary profits at the rate of $10,000 a month coming in to swell the treasury fund. Up to the present, however, nothing from the source has been received. Mr. Timmerman to-day said in a month's time he will have to borrow money for the running expenses of the State. For this necessary loan he has assurances that it may be secured at 5 per cent.

"The treasurer's plan is to borrow only what is necessary for State expenses to November 1, when the taxes then collected will be available. The real deficiency, however, is much greater than $100,000 and equals of the government's expenditures from July to January, although it does not appear so because of using the taxes for 1898. In view of this default in its promises it is probable the comptroller general will proceed to levy the constitutional 3-mill school tax, which was not to be issued if the dispensary supplied the funds promised. The enormous profits figured on paper fail signally to materialize."

WAR HISTORY FOR THE YOUNG.

Texas Legislature and New Jersey Grand Army Men Consider The Subject.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 10.—After a debate lasting over three hours the lower house of the Texas Legislature to-day adopted a resolution to have a committee appointed to investigate the charge that there are Northern Professors occupying chairs in the Texas State University who are teaching Republican politics and ridiculing the history of the Confederacy.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 10.—The Department of New Jersey, Grand Army of the Republic, continued its session here to day. Commander Stahl made his annual address. He dwelt strongly upon the need of teaching the youth of the land a correct history of the country, especially that part which relates to the civil war, and suggested the appointment of a committee to further this end. He also recommended military instruction in public schools.

Reformers Ask a Hearing of Charges Against Senator Tillman.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 10.—A petition signed by many reform officeholders has been sent Governor Ellerbe, saying that as Senator Tillman has been charged with receiving dispensary rebates, "now we, as reformers, call on you to order an immediate investigation. If he is found guilty, let him bear the odium and shame; if innocent, let his accusers correct their charges."

THE NEWS AND OBSERVER A FALSIFIER.

SOME OF ITS RECENT "ELEGANT" REMARKS—AND HOW THEY ARE DENOUNCED.

Its Efforts to Slander a People and Injure a Public Institution Checked By a Thundering Denunciation—Just Look on Both Sides.

To say that the News and Observer is a would-be slanderer of the State and its people, or to say that it is a fairly efficient liar would only be to echo the sentiments and opinions of hosts of people who have, for the last year or two, thought it worth while to make any comment at all on that paper.

We hardly think it worth the space, but now and then it may be well to show the people some evidence of their eminently correct opinion of that paper, and for that purpose alone we are giving some time and space to that most roundly contemptible journal this week.

Elsewhere we give a report of the proceedings of the Board of Trustees of the A. & M. College last week. It shows for itself. But with its usual disposition to do something little and say something mean, the News and Observer seeks to distort everything and leave a false impression on anybody who may be so hare-brained and gander-headed as to have any confidence in it. Thank the Lord, we feel warranted in saying that there are mighty few, if indeed any, people of that kind in this State.

Here are some of the "choice" headlines and comments of the News and Observer on the matter:

"THE LOOTERS GET IN THEIR WORK."

"The A. & M. College Parceled Out Among the Wreckers."

"The State has received a blow from which it will not soon recover. Its industrial development and educational advancement have been set back almost a decade."

"This Brutus stab has come from the Governor of the State and the trustees of the Agricultural and Mechanical College. The latter institution has been looted and the Experiment Station destroyed to make places for political henchmen. Good men—scholars and scientists—have been displaced by incompetents and nincompoops."

"In this nefarious work these men were backed up on one side by a lot of ignoramuses who know no law in the matter save the will of those whose tools they are; on the other side by a Governor whose only desire is to make political jobs for those upon whose backs he hopes to ride into the United States Senate."

Such base drivelling as this in the face open fact, if it had any effect at all, aroused the contempt of everybody interested, and there was no hesitation in expressing it. But the thunder clap of rebuke and denunciation was from the faculty of the college itself. It is gracefully worded, but it does not require a strong vision for anybody to see that it is a statement to the effect that the News and Observer is a scurrile falsifier and that its vaporings are unworthy of confidence. Here it is as printed in the News and Observer:

A CARD.

To the Editor: The article in yesterday's issue of your paper making the sweeping charge that the trustees of the Agricultural and Mechanical College had "looted" that institution is, we think, unjust to that body, unfair to us, and so far from the facts that, if uncontroverted, it must do the college great harm. While the board had the power to change every officer of the institution, it so far from "parceling the college out among the wreckers," changed in the faculty proper the head of only one department, and this we are assured was done solely to effect a consolidation of the agricultural work of the college and of the Experiment Station, and thereby to save in this department about seventeen hundred dollars by assigning to one of the professors the work hitherto divided between two. The only change in the faculty was in the adjunct-professorship of mathematics, and the addition of one teacher to the official force.

While we, of course, cannot but deeply regret parting from men who have been pleasantly and closely associated with us, and whom we respect and esteem most highly, we, the undersigned members of the old faculty feel, in justice to ourselves, to the board of trustees, to the institution that we have served so long, impelled to deny that it has been "looted," nor can we be expected to admit with entire good grace that "the institution has been turned over to incompetents and nincompoops."

We assure the people of our State, and especially the friends of technical education, that there is no cause to lose confidence in the institution, nor in its competency to do the great work for which it was founded.

Respectfully,
ALEXANDER Q. HOLLADAY, President.
W. F. MASSEY, Professor Horticulture and Botany.
W. A. WITHERS, Professor of Chemistry.
D. H. HILL, Professor of English.
W. C. RIDDICK, Professor Mathematics and Civil Engineering.
NATHANIEL R CRAIGHILL, Professor of Mechanical Engineering
J. C. GRESHAM, Captain Seventh Cavalry, Professor Military Science and Tactics.

A Comment From Otho Wilson.

Editor Press Visitor:

I notice in today's News and Observer criticism in general of the action of A. and M. college board and especially its scurrilous attacks on E. G Butler, of Vance county. It also says I am 'bilen in the collar" about the displacement of my nephew, F. G Kelly, in the experiment station. I had expressed no opinion of the latter matter to any one, and was out of town and the News and Observer nor any of its representatives had seen me up to this writing.

The board had the right to displace him and I do not question their motives.

As to the attack on Mr. Butler, I wish to to say that I have known him since my early childhood and North Carolina does not have a more honorable, affable and polished gentleman.

The most appropriate comparison I can make between him and the editor of the News and Observer is this: The most immoral thought of E. G. Butler is higher, nobler and purer than the highest dream of purity or honor that ever enteted the breast of editor of the News and Observer.

S. OTHO WILSON.

From The Progressive Farmer.]

How was it two or three years ago? Prof. Chamberlain, who was the only Republican employed at the A. & M College, was removed, or "resigned" after holding the position some time. Mr. Hubbard, the Steward of the College, a one-legged Confederate soldier, became a Populist while holding the position, and the Democrats abolished the position and gave it to another man, a Democrat, who was connected with the College. With this record before us, we think all the Democrats might have felt that unless a good deal more of the "do good for evil" was practiced than is customary in politics, they would all go. As it is, the President of A. & M. College and six professors, all Democrats, are retained. We think the Democrats are making a pretty show of themselves when they raise "cain" about the removals and do not return thanks for those retained.

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An Atlanta Sensation.

A female physician figured in a sensational horse-whipping in Atlanta Tuesday, in which the victim was a man. The woman's name is Mrs. Dr. T. Knight, and Tuesday morning she publicly attacked A. D. Flowers, an ex-leader of the Salvation Army, with a cowhide, and before any one could interfere the female doctor had plied the lash with such telling effect that the blood was flowing in every direction. The husband of the woman stood blissfully by and watched the performance and seemed very much gratified over the masculine success of his wife.

Mrs Knight also had provided herself with a young lady friend, who played a minor, but none the less effective part in this thrilling act, and when the ex-salvation leader finally got possession of the whip and threw it over the fence close by, the girl vaulted the fence and instantly restored the weapon to her female doctor friend, who once more resumed the work of demolishing her defamer. It is claimed by the friends of Mrs. Knight that Flowers had been circulating reports of a slanderous nature about Mrs. Knight and this was the grounds of her attack.

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President John Smith is a skilled and thoughtful exposure of the present false social fabric. It should be generally read by people who are seeking a solution for existing wrongs. THOMAS E. WATSON.

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No. 87. **Lady Grace.** By Mrs. HENRY WOOD.
No. 88. **Averill.** By ROSA NOUCHETTE CAREY.
No. 89. **The Black Dwarf.** By Sir WALTER SCOTT.
No. 810. **A Noble Life.** By MISS MULOCK.
No. 811. **The Belle of Lynn;** or, **The Miller's Daughter.** By CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME.
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The Lover's Creed. A Novel. By Mrs. Alexander.
The Knight-Errants of Modern Society. A Novel.
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THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., June 17, 1897.

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Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

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There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention THE CAUCASIAN and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Miss Faulkner Their Sponsor.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., June 11.—Col. Robert A. White, of Wheeling, Commander of the West Virginia division of the United Confederate Veterans, has appointed Miss Jane Falkner, daughter of Senator Faulkner, sponsor to represent the State division, with the chief maid of honor, at the reunion of United Confederate Veterans at Nashville, Tenn.

WISE MEN KNOW

It is folly to build upon a poor foundation, either in architecture or in health. A foundation of sand is insecure, and so deaden symptoms by narcotics or nerve compounds is equally dangerous and deceptive. The true way to build up health is to make your blood pure, rich and nourishing by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's PILLS acts easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Three Cent Fares Upheld.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 11.—The Supreme Court of Indiana to-day decided that the 3-cent street car fare law is constitutional. It relates to Indianapolis only. In the Federal Court recently the same law, passed by the last legislature, was declared unconstitutional, and injunctions were granted by Judge Showalter against enforcement. The State will insist on 3-cent fares, unless the street car company secures injunction, pending appeal to Supreme Federal Court.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Arkansas Receiver Appointed.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 11.—The wash between the receivers appointed by the Arkansas courts to settle up the affairs of the Southern Building and Loan Association, which threatened to involve a large amount of the property of the insolvent association in Arkansas, was amicably settled in the United States Circuit Court today. Judge Williams, of the Tennessee receivers, was appointed to act as co-receiver with the receiver appointedby the State courts of Arkansas.

If The Baby is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind collic and is the best remedy for diarrhoe. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

GREECE AND TURKEY.

Progress of Peace Negotiations—No Hope For The Early Evacuation of Thessaly—The Amount of Indemnity.

LONDON, June 12.—The ambassadors at Constantinople to some extent ignore the absence of Tewfik Pasha and continue their negotiations without him. It is understood they have reached the conclusion that it is useless to hope for the early evacuation of Thessaly. The harvest, therefore, will be reckoned a part of the indemnity. Greece will be called upon to pay £1,500,000, and Thessaly will be evacuated after the harvest.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

A Physician Charged With Murder.

A dispatch from Midville, Ga., says: Dr. J. J. Kilpatrick, of this place, is in jail at Waynesboro,' charged with the murder of Joe Sprintz at this place on May 6 The arrest was made here Tuesday by Detective Jones, of Atlanta. Sprintz was found sitting in his chair a corpse with his skull fractured. Dr. Kilpatrick was his family physician. The detective who made the arrest claims that the doctor was in love with Mrs Sprintz and wanted her to get a divorce from her husband so that she could marry him. Knowing that the divorce proceedings would be slow, the doctor according to the detective's theory, became impatient and decided to hasten matters by killing the husband The detective thinks that the doctor first administered poison, and, that failing to work to suit him, dealt Sprintz a blow on the head with some blunt instrument and ended his life.

"The warrant on which the arrest was made was sworn out by Mrs. Sprintz. It is rumored that she admits having had some correspondence with the doctor, but denies any desire to have her husband murdered. The letters are said to have been in reference to the divorce suit. It is expected that she will be the principal witness for the prosecution."

Mr. Hanna expects the middle-of-the-road Pops to help him in Ohio this year. This will open a new field for Tom Watson.—Washington Post.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Our I's and.... ....Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn, who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier, that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has, **"Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."**

Any doubt about it? Send for "Curebook" It kills doubts and cures doubters. Address J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

THE A. & M. COLLEGE.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND A RECORD OF THEIR WORK.

President Holliday Re-elected—The Chief Professors are Retained—The Experiment Station Put In Control of the College—Resolution of Thanks to Secretary Bruner.

The trustees of the North Carolina College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts met in Raleigh on Thursday of last week.

The members of the board are as follows:

J. C. L. Harris, chairman, Raleigh.
L. C. Edwards, Oxford.
E. G. Butler, Henderson.
J. W. Hardin, Raleigh.
E. V. Cox, (resigned—successor not appointed.)
H. G. Connor, Wilson.
Dr. Matt. Moore, Kenansville.
J. R. Chamberlain, Raleigh.
J. Z. Waller, Burlington.
H. E. Bonitz, Wilmington.
B. F. Dixon, Shelby.
J. J. Britt, Bakersville.
Jno. F. Westmoreland, Lexington.
S. L. Crowder, Ridgeway.
Ex-officio, A. Q. Holliday, Raleigh.

When the board met the roll showed that Mr. W. G. Pool, of Pasquotank, and Dr. Kimbrough, of Davie, were members. They were not present and on conferring with them by telegram they expressed a desire to resign as members. This being done, Mr. J. F. Westmoreland, of Davidson, and Mr. S. L. Crowder, of Warren, were appointed members of the board by the Governor.

One of the principal matters which came before the board was some revision of the organization of college and the Experiment Station. This brought on some discussion, raising directly the question as to whether the college should have direct control of the Experiment Station or whether there should continue to be some connection, as to this station, between the college and the Board of Agriculture. The question was finally settled in favor of putting the Experiment Station under the direction of the college, and of having the fertilizer analysis work in charge of the Board of Agriculture.

During the meeting Trustee Cox, of Pitt, resigned. A number of reasons for his resignation were "originated" by somebody who knew nothing about it and became current. One of these "reasons," as rumored, was that Mr. Cox said he would not be a member of any board that was run by Mr. J. C. L. Harris. Another was that he would have nothing to do with any board that was run by Mr. J. R. Chamberlain. Still another was that he resigned because of the change made in putting the Experiment Station in charge of the college. It is quite certain that none of these rumors are true. Mr. Cox was quite sick during the meeting and did not attend all the full sessions. He, perhaps, had sufficient reasons for his course, but if he has officially made them known, THE CAUCASIAN has been unable to learn what they were.

Other matters which came before the board were the elections of the president and faculty of the college. The change in the Experiment Station which had heretofore been directed very ably and efficiently by Dr. H. B. Battle, made some change in its conduct necessary. That it might come within the control of the college, Prof. W. A. Withers, Professor of Chemistry, was made temporary director. This action removed Dr. Battle as director.

Another change was made in the professorship of agriculture. Heretofore Prof. F. E. Emery has been in charge of the agricultural department of the Experiment Station, and Prof. Irby of the agricultural department of the college. It was decided to consolidate this work, because it was thought to be the best course in both the matter of efficiency and the matter of economy. No other names were mentioned for the charge of this consolidated work than those of Prof. Emery and Prof. Irby, and Prof. Emery was elected. Other consolidations of positions in the college and the Experiment Station were arranged for with a view to increasing the efficiency of the college and to economize the funds, but there was little change made in the personnel of the various officers. It was the opinion of some of the members of the board that there should be no changes whatever in the faculty. Among these was Mr. J. W. Hardin, a prominent young Republican, and ex-judge H. G. Connor and Dr. B. F. Dixon. After presenting their opinions, however, they submitted to the judgment of the majority of the board.

The College Faculty as it now stands is as follows:

Col. A. Q Holladay, retained as president of the College, with same duties and salary as heretofore, $2,300.

W. A. Withers, retained as professor of chemistry, salary $1,800—of this $800 is to be paid by the college and $1,000 by the Experiment Station.

D. H. Hill, retained as professor of English, salary of $1,800.

F. E. Emery, retained as professor of agriculture, salary $2,000—of this $1,000 is to be paid by the college and $1,000 by the Experiment Station.

W. C Riddick, retained as professor of mathematics and civil engineering, salary $1,500.

N. R. Craighill, retained as professor of mechanical engineering, salary $1,500.

Col. N. S. Barnes, retained as professor of physics and electrical engineering, salary $1,500.

J. J. Britt, of Bowman Academy, adjunct professor of mathematics, salary $1,200.

C. M. Pritchett, retained as assistant professor of mechanics, salary $900.

J. H. Bizzell, assistant in chemistry, salary $550.

C. D. Franks, retained as assistant in mathematics and engineering, salary $550.

Mrs. Carroll, retained as matron, salary $480.

G. J. Maynard, night watchman, salary $442.75.

E. G. Butler, of Vance county, was elected to perform the following duties: secretary of board of trustees, secretary of the faculty, bursar, and assistant professor of English, salary $1,450.

B. S. Skinner, retained as superintendent of farm and purchasing agent; salary $1,200.

Dr. James R. Rogers, physician; salary to be fixed by the executive committee.

The position of assistant to the professor of horticulture and botanist was left to the executive committee to fill.

The position of superintendent of shops was also left for the executive committee to fill: salary $900. This place is now held by Mr. C. D. Parks.

The organization of the Experiment Station is as follows:

C. B. Williams, who was already connected with the station, was elected chief chemist of the Fertilizer Control Station, salary $1,200.

J. L. Miller, First Assistant chemist, salary $1,000.

C. D. Harris, Second Assistant chemist, salary $750, to be paid by the station.

J. M. Fix, of Alamance, secretary to the director of Experiment Station. Salary $75 per month.

Samuel B. Moore, of Duplin, clerk to he Experiment Station, salary $50 per month.

Miss Mary Scott Birdsong, retained as typewriter and stenographer to the director of the Experiment Station, salary $50.

F. E. Hege, in charge of poultry, retained at salary of $1 000 a year.

Prof. J. J. Britt, of Bowman Academy, in addition to his duties as adjunct professor of mathematics in the college, is auditor to the Experiment Station. Salary $200 a year.

The completion of the organization in the matter of electing assistants was referred to the executive committee.

It should be observed that the Experiment Station is supported by an annual appropriation of $15,000 by the U. S. government. The college is supported by appropriations from the State. But a condition of the appropriation from the U. S. government is that the Experiment Station must be connected with an agricultural college.

The following resolution of thanks to Secretary Bruner was adopted by a rising vote:

"Resolved by the board of trustees of the A. and M. College that the thanks of the board be returned to Mr. T. K. Bruner for the able, efficient and courteous manner in which he has served this board as its secretary."

The general result of the work of the board in immediate connection with the college is this: Dr. H. B. Battle is moved as Director and his duties devolve upon Prof. W. A. Withser temporarily.

Prof. Irby is removed and his work devolves on Prof. Emery who is already an officer of the station.

Prof. R. E. L. Yates is removed and is succeeded by Prof. J. J. Britt. These are only changes made in the college. It can be seen that there has been no rank partisanism. All the chief Professors have been retained in their old places, or the Professorships consolidated and given to some one who was heretofore connected with the work.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props.,
Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle, Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best,

Low Rates To The West.

By the Missouri Pacific Railway, St. Louis to Kansas City $4 50; St. Louis to Colorado Springs and Denver $10 50; St. Louis to Grand Junction Col. $17.00; St. Louis to Salt Lake Utah $18 00; St. Louis San Francisco $23.00. Tickets at the above rates will be on sale on June 29th and 30th, July 1st, 2nd and 3rd, same rates will apply for return from points named at St. Louis.

For particulars, address,
A. A. GALLAGHER,
Southern Passenger Agent,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Stolen Clothes.

New York Times.]

The Populists have all the courage and candor of the silver party. They have the honesty to fight under their own flag and their own name. The silver Republicans and silver Democrats make unauthorized and dishonest use of the old party names. They parade in stolen clothes.

The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to its unequalled record of wonderful cures.

Loss of Life by Floods in Russia.

SEBASTOPOL, June 10.—Advices from Simferopool, capitol of the Province of Tauida, say that torrential rains have fallen in that district, inundating a portion of of the province. Many persons have been drowned, the rivers are overflowing and ruining the crops, and the damage to the wheat crop is enormous. Drought prevails Northern Taurida.

WORKMEN CHEER BRYAN.

They Voted for McKinley Last Year and Now They Have Empty Purses.

COHOES, N. Y., June 11.—Poor Cohoes, by mill-owners, rose en masse this afternoon to greet William J. Bryan. Hungry operatives, who spurred last Fall by the promises of better times, shouted for the "advance agent of prosperity," to-day cheered for Mr. Bryan. His popularity was attested to-day by the glad shouts which met him. Factory workers, shopkeepers and citzens dropped their task and hurrahed as Mr. Bryan was driven through. On his way Mr. Bryan remarked:

"This great mill is marked as having been built in 1857. Then the Walker Tariff law was in operation—that was a low tariff. The mill was successful for many years under it.

"Hundreds of men and women here are waiting for other mills to open and pay the wages of last year. Promises of McKinley prosperity deluded them for a time, but the delusion has faded. Bryan was greeted as the advance agent of prosperity four years hence. "Our next President!" many shouted. All rushed forward to press his hand. No event in years has created such enthusiasm as did Bryan's visit to Cohoes to-day, Cohoes is a manufacturing town.

Tonight Mr. Bryan lectured on "Bimetallism." Tomorrow he goes to New York.

A NERVOUS WOMAN.

America is the land of nervous women. The great majority of nervous women are so because they are suffering from some form of female disease. By far the greatest number of female troubles are caused directly by catarrh. They are catarrh of the organ which is affected. These women despair of recovery. Female trouble is so common, so prevalent, that they accept it as almost inevitable. The greatest obstacle in the way of recovery is that they do not understand that it is catarrh which is the source of their illness. All women who are in doubt as to what their trouble is should write Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio. Give him a full description of your trouble, previous treatment, symptoms and age. He will promptly reply with full directions for treatment free of charge. This is an opportunity which no ailing woman should miss. Dr. Hartman has become renowned through his success in treating women's diseases. His experience in these matters is vast. Correspondence is strictly confidential. No testimonials published without written consent. Dr. Hartman relies principally upon Peru-na in these cases. Pe-ru-na cures catarrh wherever located.

Dr. Hartman has lately written a treatise on the diseases of women. It will be sent free to any address by The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

THE SUGAR TRUST WINS.

The Senate Does Its Bidding With Flagrant Disregard of Public Opinion.

WILL BE NO INVESTIGATION.

Democrats and Republicans Vote Against a Proposition to Protect The Farmer—Free Silver Republicans and Populists Favor The Export Bounty—Silver Republicans Organize—McKinley and Cuba.

Special to The Caucasian.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14—The Sugar Trust has again issued its orders and again a majority of the Senate has done its bidding. In our letter last week we stated that public criticism against the sugar schedule proposed by the Republican members of the Senate Committee was so severe that they were contemplating withdrawing the schedule and offering another one, which they said would be lower. That schedule gave the Sugar Trust a bounty of $12.40 on every ton of sugar. Last Friday the Republican managers withdrew this schedule and offered a new one, but it was so complicated that no man, unless he is thoroughly familiar with all the details of the sugar refining business, could understand what it meant or how much bounty it would give to the Sugar Trust. Experts say that it is worse than the original schedule; that it will give at least one dollar per ton more bounty to the Trust. This was charged on the floor of the Senate and not denied by the Republican members; notwithstanding, the schedule passed by a vote of thirty-two to thirty. It was a humiliating and sickening spectacle.

The present Democratic tariff law gives the Sugar Trust a bounty of six dollars and eighty cents per ton. The Dingley bill as it passed the House gave the Sugar Trust $11.80 a ton; the first amendment proposed by the Senate Finance Committee gave the trust $12.40 cents per ton. The new amendment adopted Friday gives the trust $13.40 cents bounty on every ton of sugar. No Democrat can defend the action of his party in giving the trust six dollars and eighty cents bounty. The action of the Republicans in more than doubling this free gift does not differ in principle from the action of the Democrats. In both cases it is robbery—the Republican robbery is still greater.

AGAINST TILLMAN'S RESOLUTION TO INVESTIGATE

On the same day that this brazen robbery of the people took place in open daylight, came the announcement that the committee reported unfavorably Tillman's resolution to investigate the sugar scandal. This is the essence of cheek and brazen defiance of public decency and public opinion. But it is only natural that if the Senate has resolved to do the bidding of the Sugar Trust that it should be opposed to being investigated.

BOTH OLD PARTIES VOTE AGAINST THE FARMER.

The pending bill contains a schedule that is known as the Agricultural schedule. It places import duties on cotton, wheat, barley, corn, etc., and in this way the Republicans claim that they will protect the farmer as they protect the manufacturer. Every farmer knows that this is a sham and a fraud, because wheat and cotton and corn are not imported to compete with the farmer as shoes, hats, and other foreign manufactured goods are imported to compete with the manufactured product. The farmer exports wheat, corn, and cotton. He meets severe competition from cheap foreign labor but he meets it on the Liverpool market. Therefore a tariff to keep out foreign cotton and wheat is ridiculous. They do not come here at all. To test the sincerity of the Republicans and at the same time to extend the same benefits by protection to the farmer that is extended to the manufacturer, Senator Cannon offered an amendment to pay to the farmer an export bounty of ten cents on each bushel of wheat, five cents on each bushel of corn and one cent per pound on cotton exported from this country. This was a plain business proposition. It was protection that would protect. Every Democrat and Republican is forced to admit that if this amendment was adopted that it would raise the price which the farmer gets for his wheat, cotton, and corn. It would not only raise the price on the amount he exported, but would raise the price on all sold at home. If the same amount of wheat, cotton and corn were exported this year that was exported last, the amendment calls for an appropriation of about forty-seven millions of dollars, in the pockets of the American farmer. When this amendment was put to a vote every Republican voted against it, though it simply proposed to apply their own doctrine of protection to the farmer and treat him as they have been treating the manufacturer. What did the Democrats do? Every one of them except three voted against the amendment because they said it was against their principles. Yet every Democrat knows that the pending tariff bill will become a law. Now if the pending bill robs the farmer for the benefit of the manufacturer, why did not every Democrat take this opportunity to right the wrongs by returning as much as possible of the money collected under this tariff bill to the pockets of the farmer? The present Democratic tariff law protects the manufacturer and gives no protection to the farmer. The present Democratic tariff law is unjust to the farmer. The Republican bill is simply more so. Every Populist and every silver Republican voted for this amendment because it would mean an immediate and direct benefit to the agricultural classes of the country; and, be it said to their credit, three Democrats, Tillman and McLaurin, of South Carolina, and Roach of South Dakota, stood with them.

SILVER REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE.

A conference of leading silver Republicans from over thirty States, who last summer walked out of the Republican party and supported Bryan, was held in Chicago last week. They formed an organization with ex-Congressman Towne as National Chairman of the Executive Committee. Those present gave most encouraging reports of the political situation in their various States. They reported that thousands who supported McKinley have already lost hope that prosperity will be restored, and declare that they will follow the lead of Senator Teller and other silver Republicans in the next campaign. The conference issued a statement to the effect that they did not organize for the purpose of running separate tickets and dividing the anti-gold and the anti-monopoly forces, but that they intended to co-operate with the Peoples Party and all other forces that would line up solidly against the gold syndicate and monopoly rule. They declare that their only purpose in forming separate organizations is to enable them to induce a larger number of Republicans to repudiate the lead of Mark Hanna and his kind and to follow the course which they had already taken. It is noticeable that the silver Republicans vote solidly with the Populists in Congress on nearly every occasion.

MCKINLEY AND CUBA.

Mr. Calhoun, the special commissioner sent to Cuba by President McKinley has returned. In addition, Consul-General Lee has made an official report. They both agree that Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen, was not only denied his treaty rights as an American citizen, but that he was murdered by Spanish hands while still in prison. With this positive and remarkable informaton in hand, McKinley leaves on a trip to Nashville without taking any action or communicating with Congress. If George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson or Abraham Lincoln were President they would give Spain not more than ten days to atone for this crime.

Besides, the reports of Consul-General Lee and Special Commissioner Calhoun both show that Spain has already practically lost control of the Island. She has no hope of regaining it except by butchery and destruction of property. The time has certainly come for the United States to act. We will not allow any other Nation to enterfere, therefore, we must be responsible for the outrages and butchery committed by the cruel Spandiards on the struggling and patriotic Cubans. There are rumors that the Administration has a scheme on foot to allow the Cubans to buy their freedom. That is for the Cubans to shoulder the Spanish debt and for the United States to become security for the payment of Spanish bonds. This scheme of course is in the interest of the Spanish bondholders. Most of these bonds are held by the Rothschilds. It really seems that the money gamblers have almost the whole world by the throat. Whenever or wherever an effort is made for human progress or human liberty there the Shylocks stand in the way and demands his pound of flesh.

Reformatory Home For Negro Children.

RICHMOND, Va., June 11.—Judge Wellford, in the City Court to-day, granted a charter to the Negro Reformatory Association of Virginia, an organization which proposes to provide a home of reformation for negro male and female children committed to their charge by the authority of parents. The capital of the association is not to exceed $100,000.

THE UNIVERSITY.

Forty-seven teachers, 413 students, (summer school 1361, total, 539, board $8 a month, three brief courses, three full courses, law and medical schools and school of pharmacy. Graduate courses open to women, summer school for teachers, scholarships and loans for the needy.

Address,
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Vitality In Men Restored.

Failing Sexual strength in old or young men can be speedily and permanently cured by me to a healthy, vigorous state. Sufferers from

Varicocele, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Night Losses,

AND OTHER WASTING DISEASES should write to me for advice. I have been a close student for many years of the subject of weakness in men; the fact is, I was a sufferer myself. Too bashful to seek the aid of older men or reputable physicians. I investigated the subject deeply and discovered a simple, but most remarkably successful remedy that completely cured me, and fully developed me from a sunken, stunted condition to natural strength and size.

I want every young or old man to know about it. I take a personal interest in such cases and no one need hesitate to write me as all communications are held strictly confidential. I send full information of this remedy absolutely free of cost. Do not put it off, but write me fully at once; you will always bless the day you did so. Address, enclosing stamp,

THOMAS SLATER, Box 975,
Kalamazoo, Mich.
Shipper of Famous Kalamazoo Celery.

Execution Sale!

BY virtue of an execution issued by the Superior court of Wake county in the case of Martha H. Blake vs. D. Columbus Blake and others, I will on Monday the 12th day of July, 1897, at 12 o'clock M, at the court house door of said county, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution, all the right, title and interest which the defendants, D. Columbus Blake, A. J. Blake, John Blake and Solomon Blake, have in the following described real estate, to-wit: Beginning at a maple on the north bank of Mine Creek about 3 poles above the road leading from Raleigh to Tippers Cross Roads, thence north ¼ degrees east, 143 poles to a pine stump, thence north 88 3-4 degrees west, 119 poles to a stake and pointers, thence south 243 poles to a stake, thence east 25 poles to a poplar on said Mine Creek near the lower end of a bluff, thence up the various courses of said creek to the beginning, being one hundred and ten acres more or less, the same being the lands conveyed to Marriena Blake by Joseph Andrews and wife by deed recorded in Book 44, on page 626, in the office of Register of Deeds for Wake county.

HAM. T. JONES,
Sheriff Wake Co.
June 3—t.d.s

GOLD DUST. GOLD DUST.

THE KNOTTY PROBLEM

—how to accomplish the most work with the least labor, time and money, has been solved.

GOLD DUST
Washing Powder

makes a woman's work light—sets her mind at rest—keeps her purse closed. Get it before you forget. Sold everywhere. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 217.

ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS.
SHIP YOUR WOOL
THIS YEAR TO
The Chatham M'f'g Co., Elkin, N. C.

They Have Added a Tailoring Department This Year.

And Suits Make to Order.

They have the largest woolen mill in the State. They do the largest custom business in the South, and their goods are the best you can buy for the money. Write them for samples.

THE PEOPLES PAPER.

THE CAUCASIAN

The leading Reform Paper of North Carolina, a champion of popular rights and honest government.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1897.

A corps of able contributors and special correspondents will be employed. Every department will be improved and new ones added.

The great battle of the people against plutocrats, of the masses against the classes, is on. It will never end till the people triumph and the cause of justice is fully established.

During the year of 1897, THE CAUCASIAN will stand in the forefront of the battle. In arousing and educating the people, in advocating the principles of the reform movement, in exposing fraud and corruption THE CAUCASIAN will be vigorous, fearless and uncompromising.

The principal features for the paper for the coming year may be outlined as follows:

Political News.

Especial attention will be devoted to political news. All important events in the progress or decline of parties in the United States will be chronicled. Especial attention will be taken to keep the readers of THE CAUCASIAN fully informed on political events that transpire in our own State. We will give when possible the news that the partisan papers suppress.

State Legislative Reports.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA will be in session in January and the people will desire to be informed of the work of that body. THE CAUCASIAN will present its readers with a full and non-partisan report of its proceedings and will not suppress the truth.

United States Congress.

THE CAUCASIAN has secured the services of one of the foremost writers, and he will send weekly letters containing all the interesting news of the Nation's capital. In addition Senator Butler will contribute weekly articles besides editorials, thus making our Congressional report full and interesting.

Letters From the People.

Subscribers will have an opportunity to exchange information and opinions on all topics of interest through short letters published under this head.

World's News in Brief.

Under this head every week we will give you the cream of the news. We give you each week a brief compact and clear statement of what has occurred in the world since our last issue.

The Alliance Department.

This department has been to a great extent lost sight of rather through our Alliance brethren than our own, and we trust, that all Sub-Alliances will send such news and suggestions regarding Alliance work and programs for Alliance meetings as will prove of interest to all Alliance men. Send us reports from your county and sub-lodges for this column.

Discussions of the Issues.

Money, transportation, taxation, land and other important live issues will be discussed both editorially and by contributors. The paper will be made a forum for the advocacy of reform ideas, and the demands of the Alliance.

Farmer's Column.

We invite every practical farmer to write for this column. Tell your experience, your successes and failures so the remainder of our readers can benefit by it. This is a grand opportunity for farmers to exchange ideas with each other.

Women's Column and Pattern Department.

We desire to make this an especially interesting department. We invite the ladies to the use of this column by exchanging ideas and experience in household matters. We have made arrangements with an old and reliable pattern house, whose styles are universally adopted by well-dressed people everywhere, by which we are offering to the readers of THE CAUCASIAN the Demorest Cut Paper Patterns at a nominal price. When purchased in the regular way, these patterns cost from twenty cents to fifty cents apiece, consequently our offer makes every copy of this paper worth that amount extra.

Advertising.

THE CAUCASIAN desires to handle the advertisements of only first-class business firms and we intend to keep out all "fakes" advertising—thereby protect our readers and honest advertisers alike. We believe that the only way for us to make money by advertising is to make money for those with whom we deal, and we can do this because we have a large and progressive paper.

If you think advertising is simply a matter of sticking in ANY paper a few lines of old poster type or a few figures, we should prefer not to be consulted until you learn that this is a mistake. Advertising is a science.

An advertisement should be written carefully and studied so as to catch the public eye and then be run in a paper that will carry your advertisement to the homes and firesides of the people who will be your customers. It is throwing away money to advertise in a paper that does not reach the masses and therefore you pay your money but do not talk to the people. Upon application we will send you a card stating our rates.

One Dollar Per Year Only.

Just think of it! less than 2 cents a week! You cannot afford to be without THE CAUCASIAN. If you can't spare a dollar just now, send 50 cents and get it for 6 months. We know if you read the paper you will never be without it again.

Address,

THE CAUCASIAN,
RALEIGH, N. C.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

"In the quality of the homes of the nation abides the nation's destiny."—HOLLAND.

It is the intention of the editor of THE CAUCASIAN to re-establish this department. In order to make it interesting and successful we desire that all our friends write us for publication a short interesting letter. Now, young people, begin at once. Select your own subjects. We shall also publish short stories especially adapted for the young folks.

Away From Home.

Standing forth on life's rough way,
Father guide them;
O! we know not what of harm
May betide them;
'Neath the shadow of thy wing,
Father, hide them;
Waking, sleeping, Lord, we pray
Go beside them.

When in prayer they cry to thee,
Thou wilt hear them;
From the stains of sin and shame
Thou wilt hear them;
From the stains of sin and shame
Thou wilt clear them;
'Mid the quicksands and the rocks
Thou wilt steer them;
In temptation, trial, grief,
Be thou near them.

Unto Thee we give them up,
Lord, receive them;
In the world we know must be
Much to grieve them;
Many striving oft and strong
To deceive them;
Trustful, in Thy hands of love
We must leave them.

"Need I Go to School?"

Our Sunday Afternoon.]

"O father, need I go to school?" said Johnnie one morning as his mother was getting him ready. "I don't understand books; I never shall. I had rather cut wood with you in the bush and work ever so hard."

"Johnnie, how did we fell that big tree yesterday?" asked his father.

"A stroke at a time, and keeping at it," answered the boy.

"Exactly so," said his father. "A word at a time, and keeping at it, will make you a good reader; a syllable at a time, and keeping at it, will make you a good speller; a sum at a time and keeping at it, will make you good in figures; a thought at a time, and keeping at it will make you master the hardest book in the world. A patient keeping at it, Johnnie, and you will be a scholar."

"Is that all?" asked Johnnie.

"All," said his father.

"I do not know but I can do that," said Johnnie. And before six years from that time he stood first in the highest class at his school.

The White Box.

Chicago Tribune.]

The tailor's wife took her little boy out for a walk the day after they moved next door to the undertaker's. The little fellow stopped just outside the wide windows and pointed his chubby forefinger at the white coffin within.

"What's that, mother?" he asked. He had never seen a coffin.

"That's what they put little boys in when they're naughty," said the mother. "That's the way God punishes."

The bonny, boisterous lad was a great trial to her sometimes when she was weary with household cares, and she resorted to almost any tale to keep him quiet.

Every day after that the brown-eyed boy stood for many minutes and looked at the tiny coffins behind the heavy glass. He grew very obedient, too, but the mother had become so accustomed to fault finding that she never noticed how well he minded, but continued to scold, just the same. With every reproof his beautiful brown eyes would grow dark with a mist of tears, and he would ask half tearfully:

"Will you put me in the white box for that, mother? Will God punish me now?"

Months passed. One day the restless feet went astray again, and the mother, in the moment of her extreme vexation, punished him more severely than usual.

"Don't put me in the white box, mother," he pleaded over and over again between his sobs.

So saying, he fell asleep. When he awoke, the fever was on him, and the pattering feet wandered away no more. Another week passed. Then the brown eyes looked up into hers, the pale lips quivered, and he said feebly:

"Have you got the white box, mother? Has God punished me yet?"

Two days later the carrisge came and bore him away in state. God's punishment had come.

Queen Victoria's Big Family.

William George Jordan in June Ladies' Home Journal.]

Queen Victoria has had over seventy descendants, over sixty of whom are living. She has had nine children, seven of whom are living, and innumerable grandchildren and great-grand-children. Her sons and daughters who are living are: the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, the Duke of Edinburgh, the ex-Empress Frederick, of Germany, the Princess Christian, the Marchioness of Lorne, and the Princess Beatrice. Among her descendants are Princes, Princesses, Dukes, Duchesses, one Emperor, two Empresses, one Marchioness and a Lady.

Tired of His Boarding House.

Asa Hartz advertised from Johnson's Island, in a northern journal, for a substitute to take his place in the military prison;

WANTED—A substitute to stray here in my place. He must be thirty years old; have a good moral character; all digestive powers, and not addicted to writing poetry. To such an one all the advantages of a strict retirement, army rations and unmitigated watchfulness to prevent them from getting lost are offered for an indefinite period. Address me at Block 1, Room 22, Johnsons Island Military Prison, at any time for the next three years, enclosing half dozen postage stamps.

ASA HARTZ.

Liver Ills

Like billousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

If Sauce For The Goose—Why Not For The Gander?

A strong illustration is made by the Coming Nation in the following words:

"The capitalist is always harping that legislation won't benefit the working masses. At the same time the capitalist and his representatives are in every legislative hall bending every energy, spending money like water, to shape the laws to suit his wishes. If one can't legislate himself rich, why this needless waste of time and money upon the part of your good friends, the money lords? Why if there is nothing in it for them, do they want a law placing a duty upon imports? Why do they want a LAW repealing the purchase of silver? Why do they want a LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT making gold the sole legal tender? Why do they want a LAW retiring the greenbacks? They vociferate that the thing for workers is to economize and work—to work and economize, but for God's sake don't legislate. Laws are no good! Yet the idle rich pour out money like water to secure the passage of this measure and to defeat that. The rich being in control naturally favor themselves—hence they are becoming more wealthy while the poor are becoming poorer.

Encouraging—1894.

The following lines are in circulation among our exchanges, and contain food for reflection to those of our lady readers who begin to wonder why "nobody comes to woo."

"There never was a goose so gray,
But some day, soon or late;
And honest gander came that way
And took her for his mate."

Don't despair girls—the war will be brought to a close some of these days, and the gallant fellows who are fighting hard crackers, will come to claim their bounty. Every girl is entitled to a husband, and if she fails to get one it is because there is more worth having—otherwise he would "come up to the scratch" and pop the question. We never see an "old maid," as they are shamefully called, without thinking some man neglected his duty.

Drawing it Fine.

The man who planted himself on his good intentions has not yet sprouted.

The seine through which the man strained every nerve, is for sale less than FIRST COST.

The Value of a Horse.

Prof. Oscar R. Gleason, the famous horse trainer and tamer, in a recent lecture before a large body of horsemen and farmers, made this remark: "If a horse is worth $150, it is a recognized fact that $25 is about the actual value of the horse, and $125 is the value of his having been trained to man's use." Prof. Gleason has trained and broken more horses than any man in the world. He has subdued the most famous vicious horses in this and other countries, and has been substantially recognized by the United States government for his wonderful services in training horses for the cavalry and the artillery. His system is simplicity itself, but extremely effective, and the beauty of the system is that it can be applied to any horse by any one.

We have made special arrangements with the publishers of Prof. Gleason's famous book, which has always sold at $1.50, and can supply a limited number to our subscribers. See offer in another column.

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We are pleased to announce that the rates made for the above occasion are lower than ever made before for any organization to the Pacific Coast, tickets will be on sale from principal points in all Southern States as early as June 20th, and available to the public.

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The phenomenal success of Coin's Financial School promises to be surpassed by "President John Smith." This remarkable book is now being discussed by the press all over the country, and has already reached an enormous sale. In many places "John Smith Clubs" are being formed. The book is destined to play a most important part in the political history of the coming four years and should be carefully read and studied. The author, Frederick U. Adams, may accept as a compliment the abuse which has been indulged in by the plutocratic press. He has written a splendid book, and any one will be the better for having read it. "President John Smith" is on sale at the office of THE CAUCASIAN and will be forwarded by mail on receipt of twenty-five cents.

President John Smith, or the Story of a Peaceful Revolution.

"President John Smith" is the literary sensation of the year. This powerful political story is destined to mark an epoch in the social and political history of the United States, and to play an important part in shaping thought and in moulding future political action. It should and will be read by every American citizen who is interested in the great social and political problems now pressing for a solution.

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In mechanical form the book is something of a novelty. The price of 25 cents for a new novel in paper covers become pretty well established, and recent competition among publishers has been in the direction of giving the bulkiest book possible for the money. This has resulted in the use of inferior paper of dingy color and too stiff to handle with comfort. The publishers of the present book believe intelligent readers will welcome a change, and "President John Smith" will be printed on creamy white paper, just thick enough to be opaque, and of a size convenient for the side pocket. (Cloth $1, paper 25 cents.)

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TIME TABLE.

To take effect Wednesday Nov. 27, 1895

EASTBOUND TRIANS.

	STATIONS.	1 Mixed Frt and Pass Tues. Thrs and Sat. A. M.	3 Passenger Daily except Sunday P. M.
W Lv	Goldsboro*	7 20	3 20
	Bests	s 7 35	s 3 40
W	LaGrange*	s 8 16	s 3 49
	Falling Creek	s 8 37	s 4 00
W	Kinston*	s 9 24	s 4 12
	Caswell	f 9 38	f 4 21
Ar	Dover	s 9 53	s 4 30
Lv		10 15	
W	Core Creek	s 10 40	s 4 42
	Tuscarora	s 11 15	f 4 54
	Clark's	f 11 31	f 5 00
W Ar Lv	Newbern*	s 12 05 / 1 30	s 5 15 / 5 25
	Riverdale	s 2 12	f 5 50
	Croatan	s 2 20	f 5 53
	Havelock	s 2 43	s 6 05
W	Newport*	s 3 12	s 6 18
	Wildwood	f 3 25	f 6 24
	Atlantic	f 3 31	f 6 29
Ar Lv	Morehead City*	s 3 46 / 3 51	s 6 37 / 6 42
	Atlantic Hotel		
W Ar	M. City Depot*	4 01	6 50
		P. M.	P. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily except Sunday. A. M.	2 Mixed frt. and Pass. Mon. Wed and Fri. P. M.
Ar Goldsboro*	11 25	8 00
Bests	s 11 03	s 7 20
W LaGrange*	s 10 52	s 6 50
Falling Creek	s 10 42	s 6 20
W Kinston*	s 10 32	s 6 00
Caswell	f 10 20	f 5 18
Lv Dover	s 10 12	s 5 00
Ar		s 4 20
W Core Creek	s 10 00	s 4 00
Tuscarora	f 9 50	s 3 38
Clark's	f 9 42	f 3 20
		P. M.
Lv Newbern*	s 9 30	s 2 50
Ar	s 9 17	s 10 47
Riverdale	f 8 53	s 10 10
Croatan	f 8 49	s 10 00
Havelock	s 8 40	s 9 40
W Newport*	s 8 26	s 9 06
Wildwood	f 8 19	f 8 47
Atlantic	f 8 15	f 8 38
Lv Morehead City*	s 8 07	s 8 20
Ar	s 8 02	s 8 15
Atlantic Hotel		
Lv M. City Depot	7 45	7 00
	A. M.	A. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal. *—Telegraph station. †—Passing point. s.—Regular stops.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

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SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 403.	No. 41
Lv New York, Penn. R. R	*11 00am	*9 00pm
Philadelphia	1 12pm	12 06am
Baltimore	3 15pm	2 50am
Washington	4 40pm	4 30am
Richmond, A. C. L.	8 56am	9 05am
Norfolk, S. A. L.	*8 35pm	9 05am
Portsmouth	8 45pm	9 20am
Weldon	*11 28pm	*11 55am
Ar Henderson	*12 56am	*1 39pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 09pm
Lv Durham	†5 30pm	†11 10am
Raleigh	*2 16am	*3 34pm
Sanford	3 35am	5 03pm
So. Pines	4 22am	5 55pm
Hamlet	5 10am	6 53pm
Wadesboro	5 54am	8 11pm
Monroe	6 43am	9 12pm
Charlotte	*8 30am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester	*8 10am	*10 47pm
Lv Columbia, C. N & L. R. R.		*6 00pm
Clinton, S. A. L.	*9 45am	*12 10am
Greenwood	10 35am	1 07am
Abbeville	11 05am	1 40am
Elberton	12 07pm	2 41am
Ar Athens	1 15pm	3 45am
Ar Winder	1 59pm	4 30am
Ar Atlanta (Central time)	2 50pm	5 30am

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 402.	No. 38.
Lv Atlanta (Central time)	*12 00n'n	*7 50pm
Lv Winder	2 40pm	10 42pm
Lv Athens	3 16pm	11 20pm
Elberton	4 15pm	12 33pm
Abbeville	5 15pm	1 40am
Greenwood	5 41pm	2 03am
Clinton	*6 34pm	*3 05am
Ar Columbia C. N & L. R. R.		*7 60am
Lv Chester, S. A. L.	*8 13pm	*4 33am
Ar. Charlotte	*10 25pm	*8 30am
Lv Monroe	*9 40pm	*6 05am
Hamlet	*11 25pm	8 15am
Ar Wilmington	5 30am	*12 30pm
So. Pines	*12 14am	9 20am
Raleigh	*2 16am	*11 35am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	*1 00pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 09pm
Lv Durham	†5 20pm	†11 10am
Ar Weldon	*4 55am	*3 00pm
Richmond A. C. L.	8 15am	6 50pm
Washington, Penn R R	12 31pm	11 10pm
Baltimore	1 45n'n	12 48am
Philadelphia	3 50pm	3 45am
New York	*6 23pm	*6 53am
Ar Portsmouth	7 30am	5 50pm
Norfolk	*7 50am	6 05pm

*Daily. †Daily Ex. Sunday. ‡Daily Ex. Monday.

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Condensed Schedule.

In Effect June 14, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH DAILY:

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m., daily—Solid vestibuled train with sleeper from Raleigh, N. C., to Chattanooga, via Salisbury, Morganton, Asheville, Hot Springs and Kroxville.

Connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville and Keysville, except Sunday. At Greensboro with the Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled, limited, train for all points north, and with main line train No. 12 for Danville, Richmond and intermediate station; also has connection for Winston-Salem, and with main line train No. 35, "United States Fast Mail" for Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Atlanta and all points South; also Columbia, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points in Florida. Sleeping car for Atlanta, Jacksonville and at Charlotte with sleeping car for Augusta.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m., daily—Solid train consisting of Pullman sleeping cars and coaches from Chattanooga to Raleigh, arriving at Norfolk 5:20 p. m., in time to connect with the Old Dominion, Merchants' and Miners', Norfolk and Washington and Baltimore, Chesapeake and Richmond S. S. Co.'s for all points north and east.

Connects at Selma for Fayetteville and intermediate stations on the Wilson and Fayetteville Short Cut daily; daily except Sunday for Newberne and Morehead City; daily for Goldsboro and Wilmington and intermediate stations on the Wilmington and Weldon railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:53 a. m., daily—Connects at Durham for Oxford, Keysville, Richmond; at Greensboro for Washington and all points north.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily—For Goldsboro and intermediate stations

LOCAL.

2:00 a. m., daily—Connects at Greensboro for all points for north and south and Winston-Salem and points on the Northwestern North Carolina railroad. At Salisbury for all points in Western North Carolina, Knoxville, Tenn., Cincinnati, and western points; at Charlotte for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points south.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH:

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily—From Atlanta, Charlotte Greensboro and all points south.

LOCAL.

7.10 a. m, daily—From Greensboro and all points north and south. Sleeping car from Greensboro to Raleigh.

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m., daily—From all points east, Norfolk, Tarboro, Wilson and water lines. From Goldsboro, Wilmington, Fayetteville, and all points in Eastern Carolina.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:40 a. m. daily—From New York, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville and Greensboro, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville.

LOCAL.

9:00 p. m., daily except Sunday—From Goldsboro and all points east.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8.53 a. m., daily—From Goldsboro

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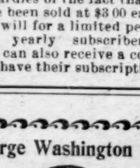

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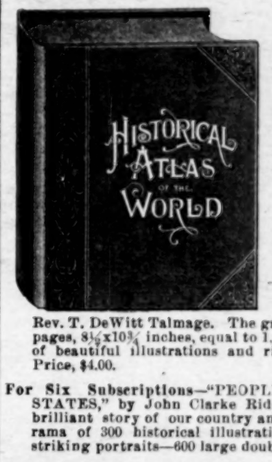

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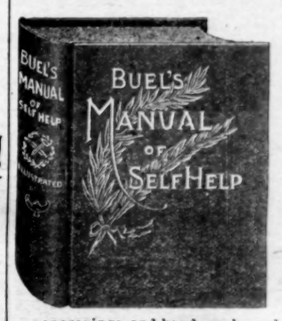

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Greensboro, N. C.	26 25	19 25	13 90	11 90
Winston-Salem, N. C.	26 25	19 25	11 90	11 90
Wilkesboro, N. C.	30 75	22 55	15 35	13 35
Danville, Va.	26 25	19 25	14 00	12 20
Salisbury, N. C.	24 60	18 05	12 90	10 90
Charlotte, N. C.	24 60	18 05	12 75	10 75
Hickory, N. C.	12 20	16 30	11 75	9 75
Asheville, N. C.	18 15	13 30	9 70	8 05
Hot Springs, N. C.	16 30	11 95	8 70	7 30

Tickets at Proportionate Rates on Sale From all Stations.

Column A. On sale April 24th and daily on and after April 1897, until and including October 15th final limit Nov. 7th, 1897.

Column B. On sale daily on and after April 29th, until and including October 15th, final limit 20 days in addition to date of sale.

Column C. Tickets on sale Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week beginning April 29th and until and including October 26th, 1897. Final limit 10 days in addition to date of sale.

Column F. Rates in this column apply to Military Companies and United States brass bands accompanying same moving in bodies of 25 or more on solid tickets, to be sold daily beginning April 29th, and until and including October 26th, 1897, final limit 10 days in addition to date of sale.

Column G. Rates in this column apply to bona fide students and their teachers in parties of 25 or more on one ticket, upon written application of principals of colleges, schools and universities to be sold May 15th to October 7th, 1897, inclusive and September 15th to October 25th, 1897, inclusive. Final limit ten days in addition to date of sale.

J. M. CULP, Traffic Manager. W. A. TURK, G. P. A.